IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA AIKEN DIVISION

Raymond Dakim Harris Joiner) Civil Action No.: 1:13-02507-JMC
) CIVII /Action 100.: 1.15-0230/-JIVIC
Plaintiffs, v.	ORDER
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Department of Public Safety, et al.;)
Piedmont Correctional Institution, et al.;)
Jennifer Harris, RN, NCI; and Correct)
Care Solution, et al.,)
)
Defendants.)
	_)

This matter is before the court for review of the magistrate judge's Report and Recommendation ("Report") [ECF No. 8], filed on September 25, 2013, recommending that this case be transferred to the United States District Court for the Middle District of North Carolina. Plaintiff brought this action seeking relief pursuant to Title 42 U.S.C. § 1983. The Report sets forth in detail the relevant facts and legal standards on this matter which the court incorporates herein without a recitation.

The magistrate judge's Report and Recommendation is made in accordance with 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) and Local Civil Rule 73.02 for the District of South Carolina. "The Court is not bound by the recommendation of the magistrate judge but, instead, retains responsibility for the final determination." *Wallace v. Hous. Auth.*, 791 F. Supp. 137, 138 (D.S.C. 1992) (citing *Matthews v. Weber*, 423 U.S. 261, 271 (1976)). The court is charged with making a *de novo* determination of those portions of the Report and Recommendation to which specific objections are made, and the court may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the Magistrate Judge's recommendation or recommit the matter with instructions. *See* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1).

Plaintiff was advised of his right to file objections to the Report [ECF No. 8 at 6].

However, Plaintiff filed no objections to the Report.

In the absence of objections to the magistrate judge's Report, this court is not required to

provide an explanation for adopting the recommendation. See Camby v. Davis, 718 F.2d 198, 199

(4th Cir. 1983). Rather, "in the absence of a timely filed objection, a district court need not conduct

a de novo review, but instead must 'only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the

record in order to accept the recommendation." Diamond v. Colonial Life & Acc. Ins. Co., 416 F.3d

310, 315 (4th Cir. 2005) (quoting Fed. R. Civ. P. 72 advisory committee's note). Furthermore,

failure to file specific written objections to the Report results in a party's waiver of the right to

appeal from the judgment of the District Court based upon such recommendation. 28 U.S.C. §

636(b)(1); Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140 (1985); Wright v. Collins, 766 F.2d 841 (4th Cir. 1985);

United States v. Schronce, 727 F.2d 91 (4th Cir. 1984).

Therefore, after a thorough and careful review of the Report and the record in this case, the

court finds the Report provides an accurate summary of the facts and law and the record in this case.

The court **ACCEPTS** the Report and Recommendation [ECF No. 8]. For the reasons articulated by

the magistrate judge, it is therefore **ORDERED** the above listed case is **TRANSFERRED** to the

United States District Court for the Middle District of North Carolina.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

J. Michelle Childs

United States District Judge

October 21, 2013

Greenville, South Carolina